

Forgotten Civil War in Myanmar

TOYO University



29th Oct. 2023

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※This documentation can be used for only study
Caution: This documentation contains some brutal photos.

Agenda

Introduction

- 1 Overview of Myanmar**
- 2 History**
- 3 What' going on now?**
- 4 QA and Talks**

Introduction

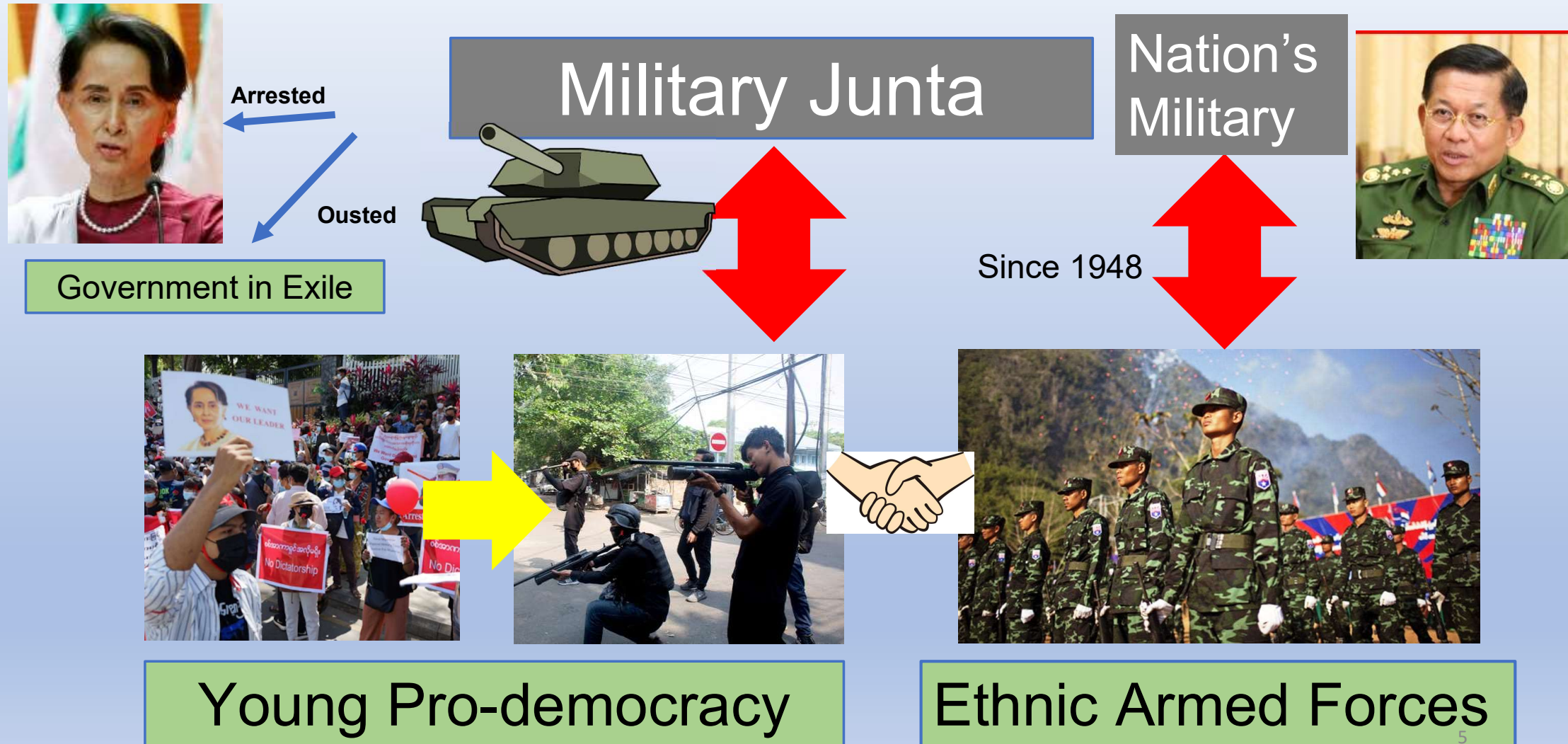


NHK World News 10th Oct. 2023

Artillery strike hit Myanmar displaced persons camp

Reuter 10 Oct 2023
in Laiza in Myanmar's Kachin state

2021 Coup led massive Civil War



Civil WAR
Results in

1,118,000
Refugees

1,827,000
Internally
displaced

UNCHR as of 2023



FB Share Photo

About 600,000 ousted Rohingya (Muslim) to Bangladesh live in refugee camp

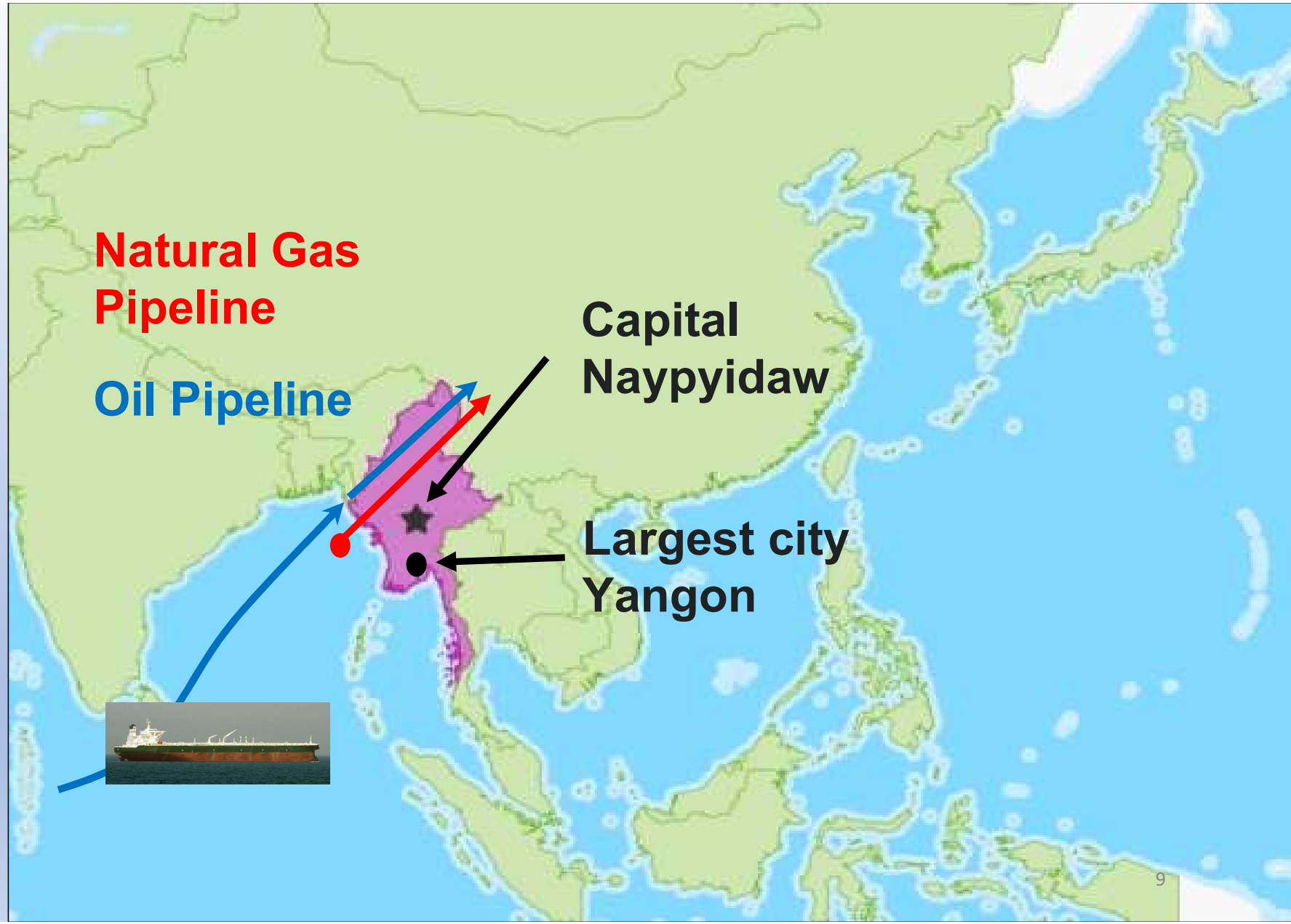


Rohingya refugee crisis



1 Overview of Myanmar (formerly Burma)

6
Borders



57M
Population

27y.o.
Average



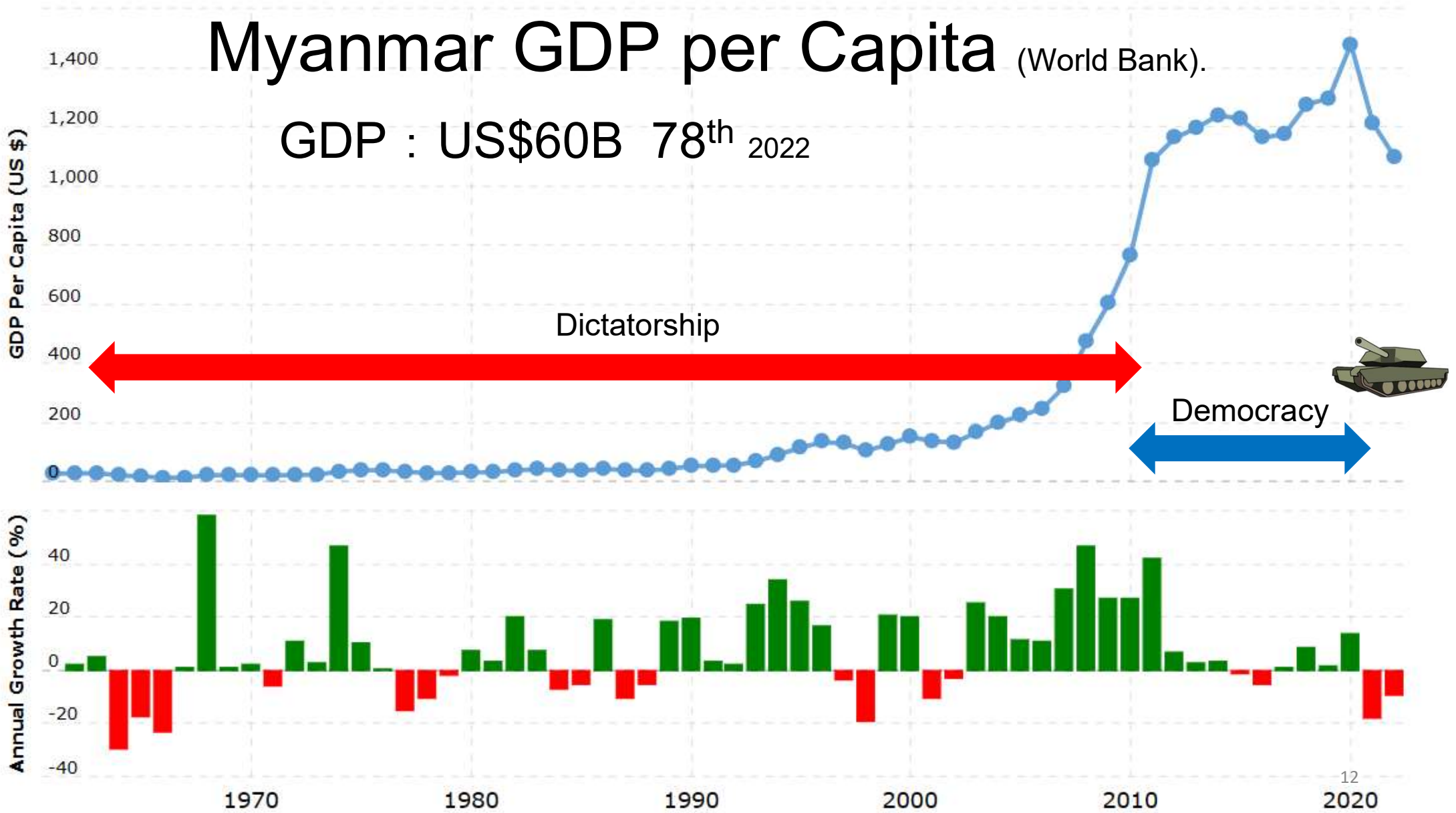
90%
Buddhist

1st
World Given
Index 2015



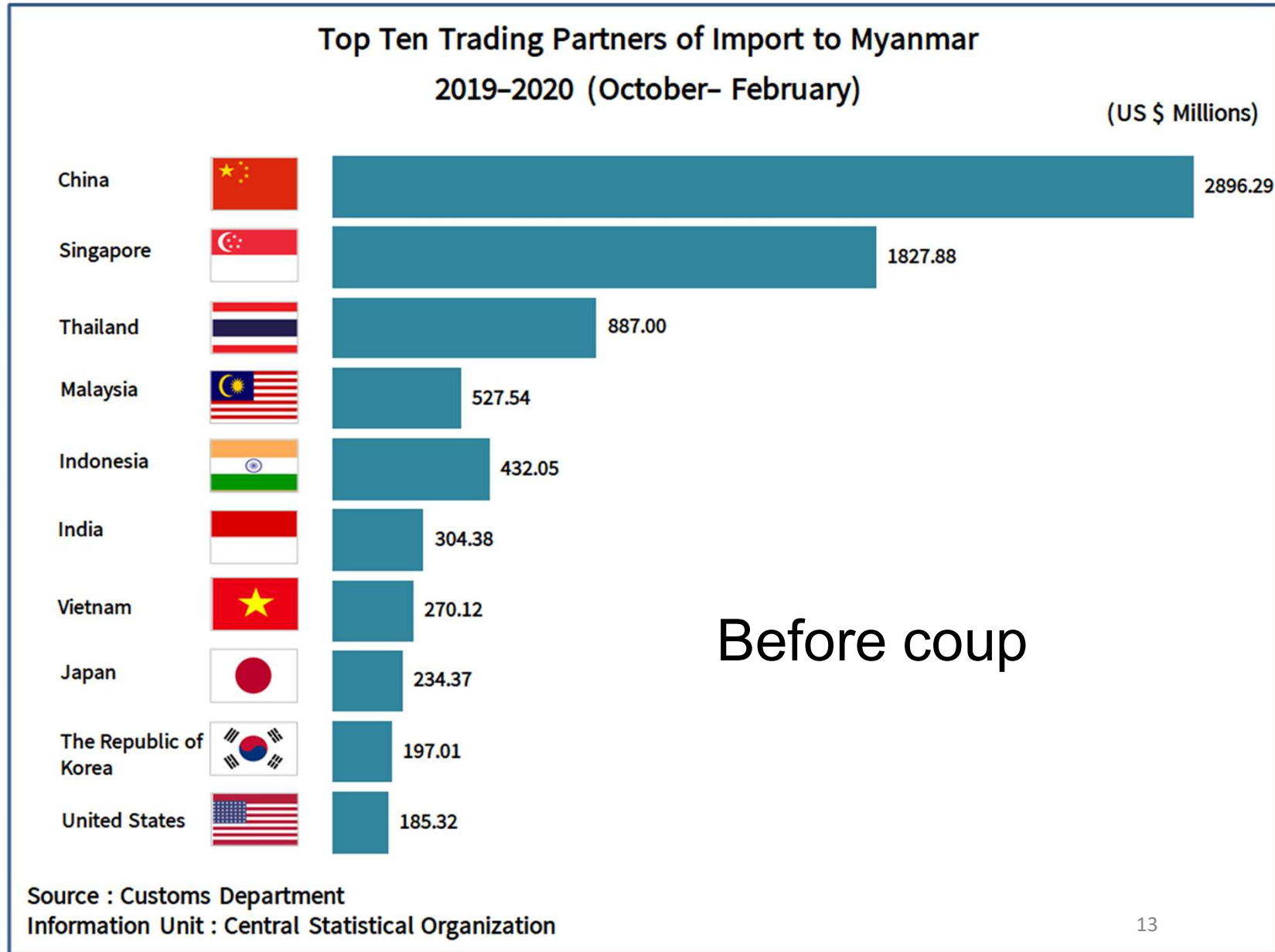
Myanmar GDP per Capita (World Bank).

GDP : US\$60B 78th 2022



Import

1st
China



Export

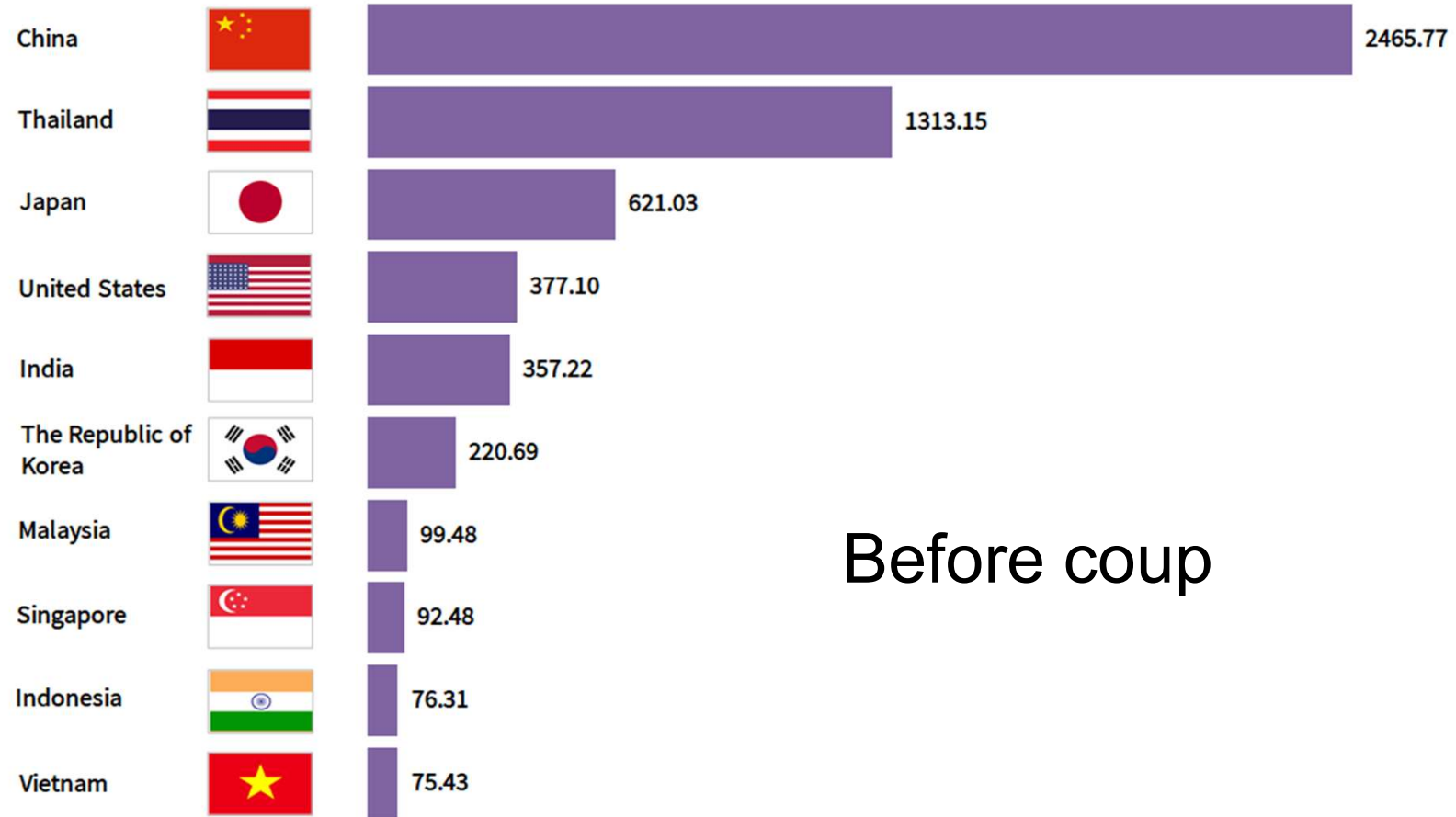
1st

China

Top Ten Trading Partners of Export from Myanmar

2019-2020 (October- February)

(US \$ Millions)



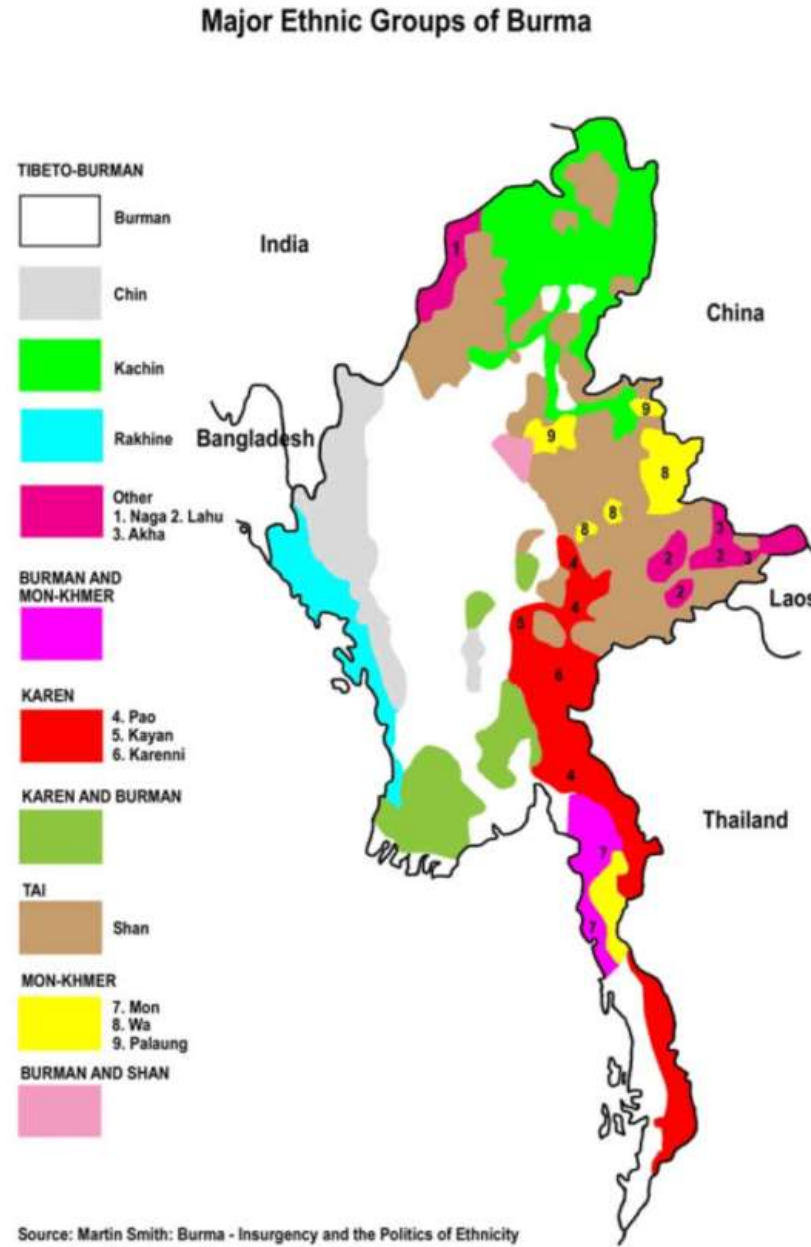
Before coup

Source : Customs Department

Information Unit : Central Statistical Organization

135
Ethnic groups

70%
Burmese
Ethnic group



Country of Diversity

Variety of Ethnic, Culture, Language, Foods, Dress etc



More than 100

Ethnic Armed Forces

-Calling for
Autonomy & independence

-Since Burma independence

Areas of Ethnic Militant Activity in Myanmar



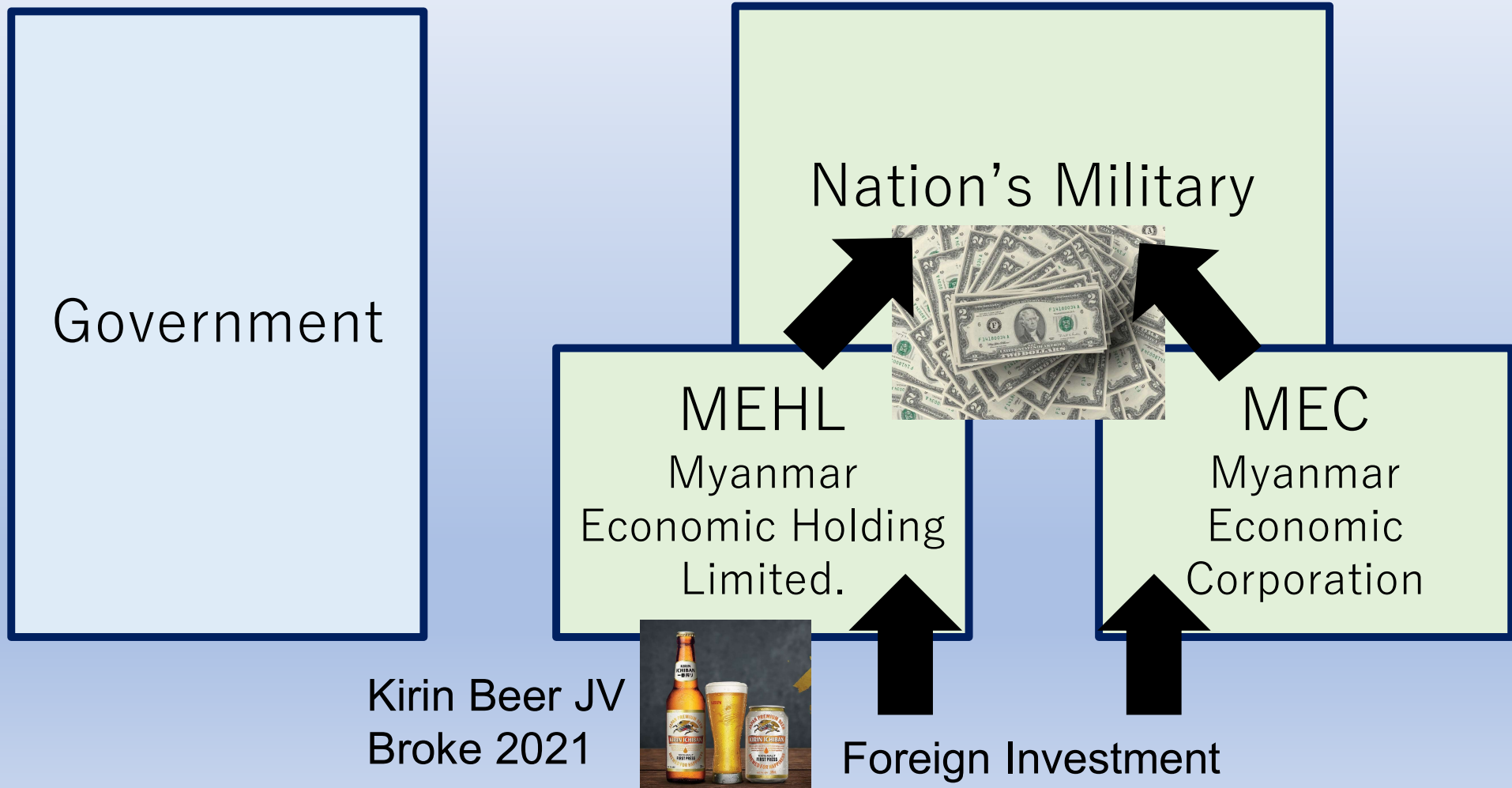
Source: Burma News International, "Deciphering Myanmar's Peace Process: A Reference Guide 2015"

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MILITANT GROUPS AND NUMBER OF TROOPS

- UWSA** (United Wa State Army): 30,000 troops, 10,000 reservists
- KIA** (Kachin Independence Army): 10,000 troops, 10,000 reservists
- RCSS** (Restoration Council of Shan State): 8,000+ troops
- SSPP** (Shan State Progress Party): 8,000+ troops
- KNU** (Karen National Union): 5,000+ troops
- TNLA** (Ta'ang National Liberation Army): 4,500+ troops
- NDA-ESS** (National Democratic Alliance Army-Eastern Shan State): 4,500+ troops
- MNDAA** (Myanmar National Democratic Alliance Army): 2,000 troops
- DKBA** (Democratic Karen Benevolent Army): 1,500+ troops
- NMSP** (New Mon State Party): 800+ troops, 2,000 reservists
- KNPP** (Karenni National Progressive Party): 600+ troops
- NSCN-K** (National Socialist Council of Nagaland-Khaplang): <500 troops
- PNLO** (Pa-O National Liberation Organization): 400+ troops
- CNF** (Chin National Front): 200+ troops
- KNO-B** (Kuki National Organization-Burma): 200+ troops
- KNU/KNLA-PC** (Karen National Union/Karen National Liberation Army-Peace Council): <200 troops
- ALP** (Arakan Liberation Party): 60-100 troops

MEHL&MEC Conglomerates owned by Military



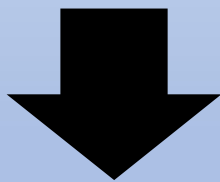
2 History

Where the Military came from ?

British Colonial era 1886~

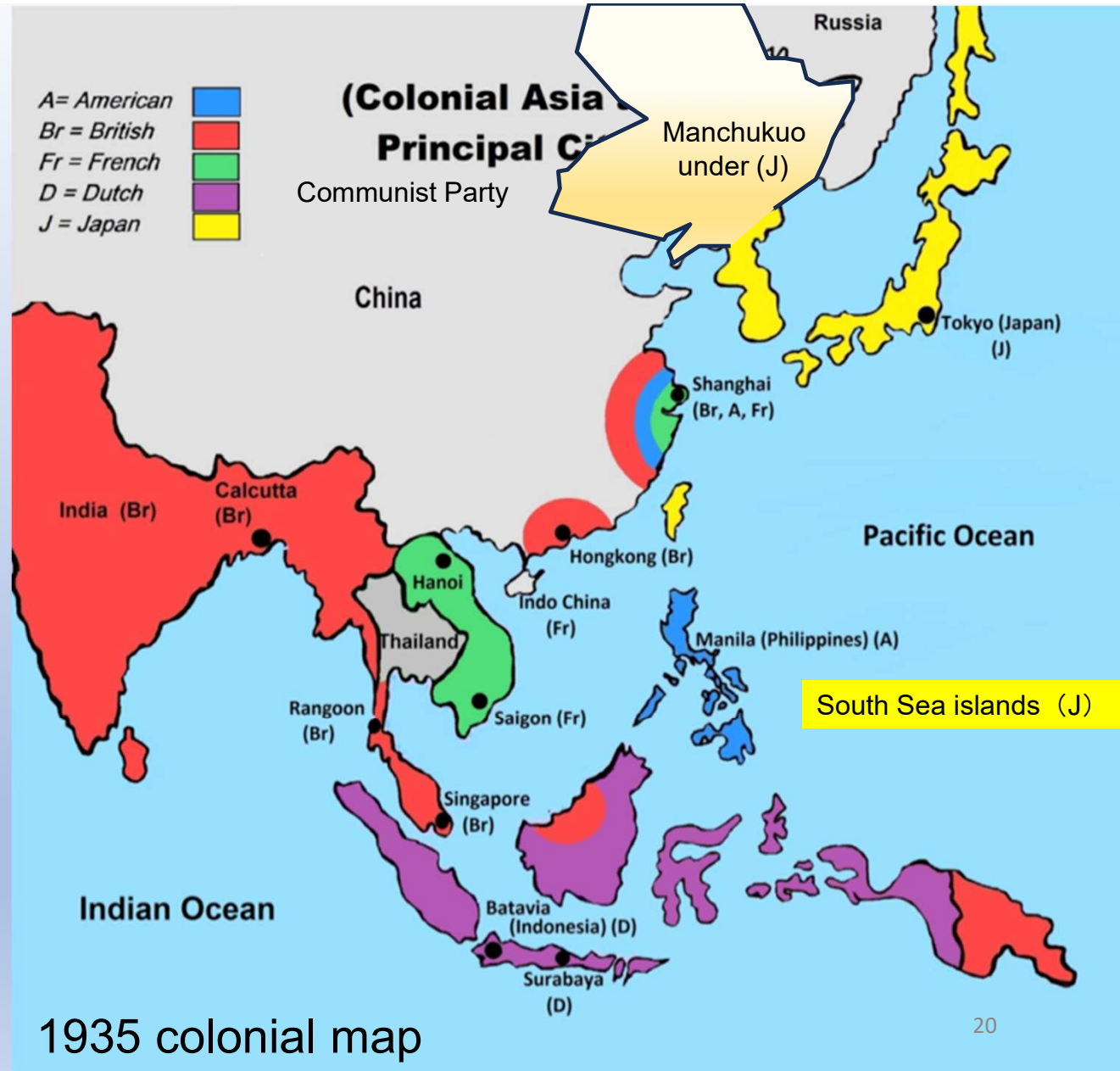
Part of British-India

British Colonial Military
Indian+ Ethnic Minorities



Control

Burmese Citizens



Empire of Japan Invasion era 1940~

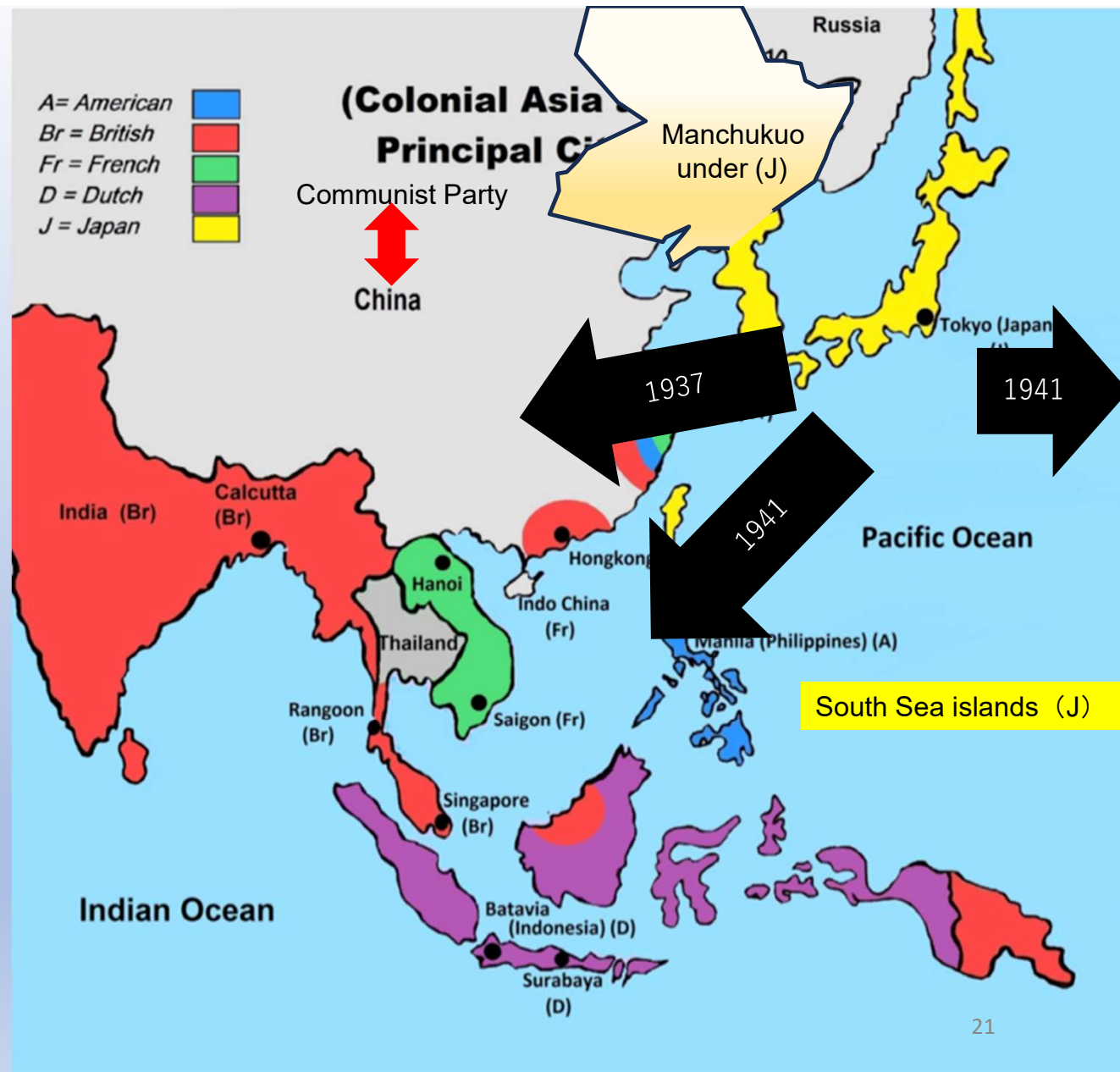
British Colonial Military
Indian+ Ethnic Minorities



Independence Military
Burmese



Japanese Military



National Hero: General Aung San

led Burma Independence Military



1941 30 elites trained
by Japanese Military ⇒



1942 Defeated British colonial Military

1945 Kicked out Japanese Military

1946 British agreed Burma independence

How Military formed? after WW II(1945)

Before

After

British Colonial Military
Indian+ Ethnic Minorities



Independence Military
Burmese

Nation's Military

Ethnic Minorities



Burmese

Ethnic Militaries



Separation

1947 Panglong Agreement to unite

1947 Signed among ethnic minority leaders to unite nation.

admitting ethnic group **autonomy** under “Union of Burma”



But.. Aung San was assassinated in 1947 as Suu Kyi was just 2 y.o

After his death

Panglong Agreement
seemed to be vanished..

Governments never admit
autonomy.



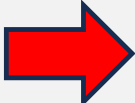
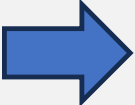
Never ending conflictions
began.



History of Democracy until 2021 Coup

Nation's Military VS Ethnic Armed Forces



	Coup
	Election
	Military Dictatorship
	Democratic Government



Uprising

House Arrest ⇒ ⇒ ⇒ ⇒

Novel Peace Prize

Rohingya Crisis



3 What's going on now ?

Since 2020 election

Voice from Myanmar

NLD won landslide victory in Nov. 2020 election



Nov. 2020 Reuters

Military Coup in Feb 2021, saying it's fraud!



February 2, 2021 Photo by Stringer/Reuters

Junta detained Aung San Suu Kyi in prison for election fraud



2 Feb 2021 ³⁰ India TV

Massive Rallies against Junta ,calling for democracy



106 protesters dead after troops open fire and more



© Anadolu Agency via Getty Images

27 Mar 2021 Mail Online News ³²

Young resistance joined ethnic armed forces to be trained



Hand made arms



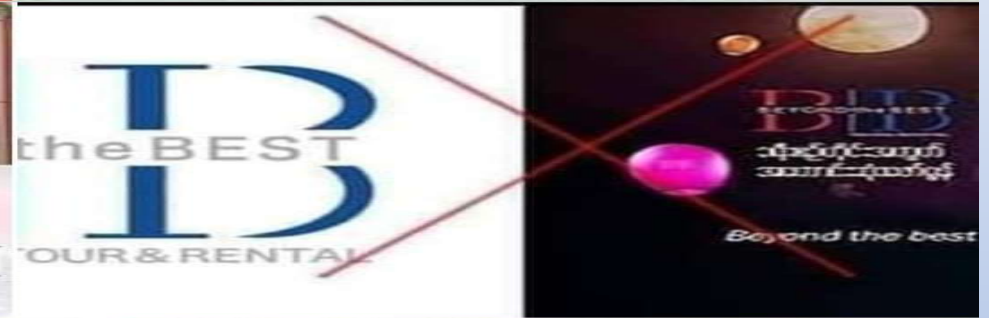
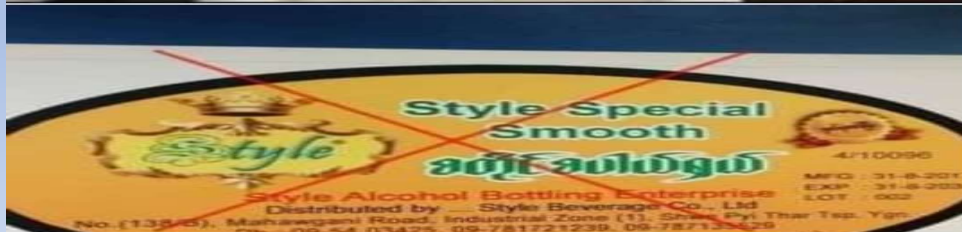
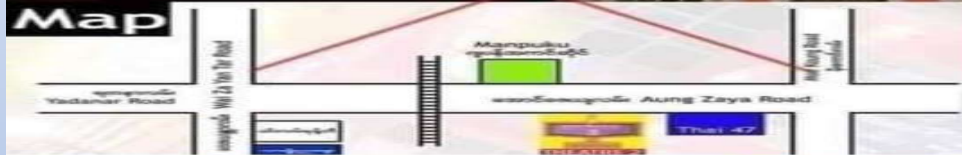
Massive indiscriminate attack to villages



Myanmar air strike death toll rises to at least 130 Apr13 2023 AFP

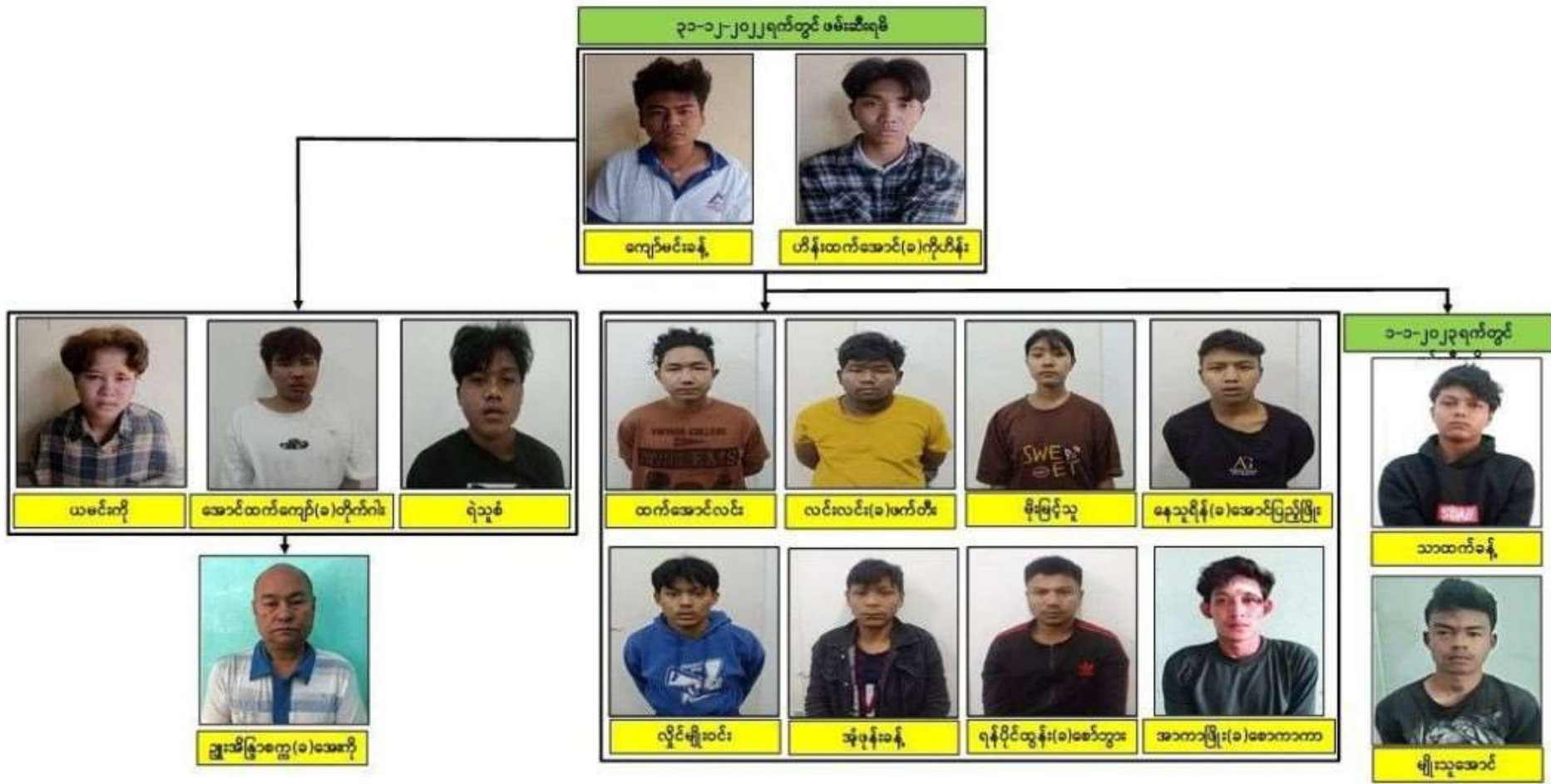
Boycott products relating to Military

**Boycott
Myanmarmilitary
Businesses**



Young People arrested

နှစ်သစ်ကျားကာလအတွင်း မန္တလေးမြို့ပေါ်၌ ယုတ်မာရက်စက်သော အကြံဖြင့် အကြမ်းဖက်ဖောက်ခွဲရေးလုပ်ငန်းများ လုပ်ဆောင်မည့် တရားခံများအား ဖောက်ခွဲရေးပစ္စည်းများနှင့်အတူ ဖမ်းဆီးရမိမှု အခြေပြစယား



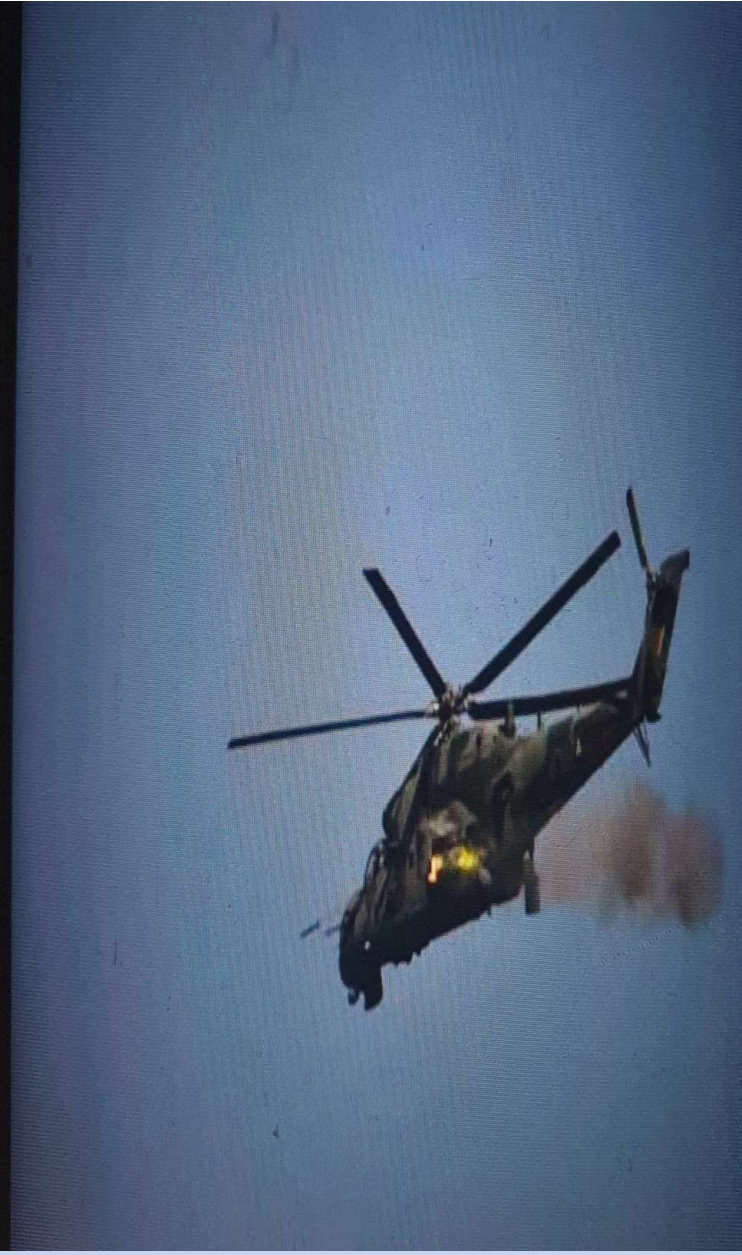
NLD members sentenced to death

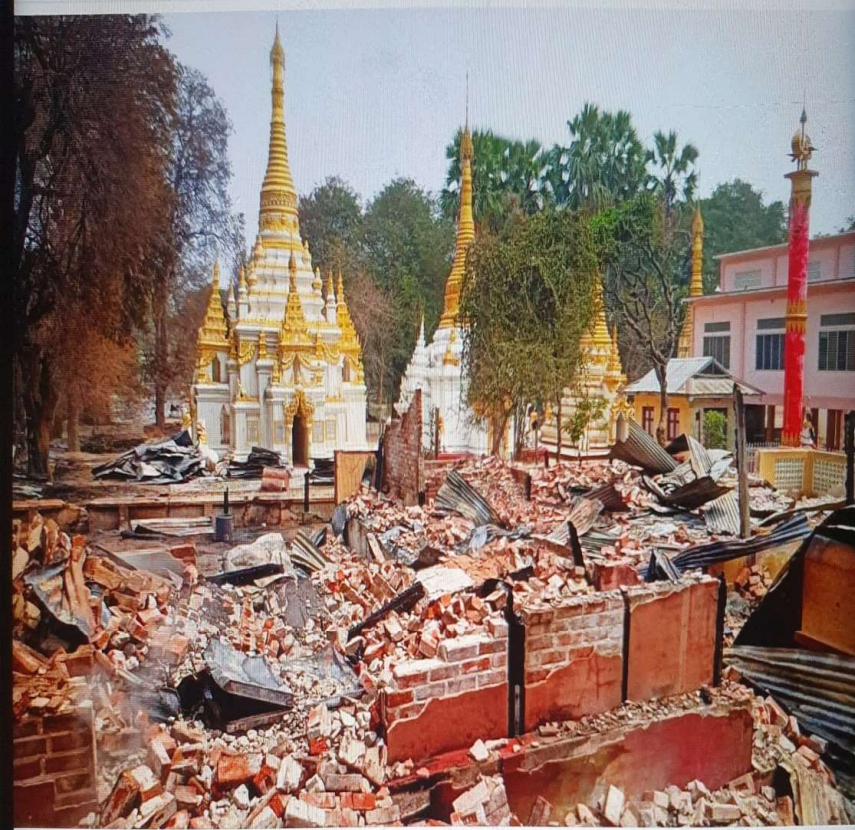


Conflict around nation









🙄👍👎 404

👍 Like

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4 QA and Talks

Recap

- 1 Overview of Myanmar**
- 2 History**
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